

## CENTRAL EMPIRE CONDITIONS FIGHT TO UNMASK AUTOCRACY

### LINCOLN-WASHINGTON BIRTHDAY OBSERVANCE

**Exercises to be Held Tuesday Afternoon, February 12, at Each of the Five School Buildings**

**Junior Red Cross Movement Grows in Schools, Sewing Machines Busy, 198 Pupils in Knitting Classes**

(By W. C. Cobb, Supt. of Schools)

The customary Lincoln and Washington birthday exercises will be held on Tuesday afternoon, Feb. 12, at each of the five school buildings. An effort will be made, because of the war situation, to make these programs loyalty meetings, using Washington and Lincoln as two of our highest types of true loyalty in time of national peril. Special invitations have already been sent to the G. A. R. Post, the W. R. C. and Circle Ladies to be present, and all citizens of Brainerd are cordially invited to attend the exercises at any of the schools, and along with teachers and pupils help to make the exercises impressive at this critical time in our history. The schools will be in regular session during the forenoon of Lincoln's birthday, not from any desire to slight the importance of this national holiday, but because it seemed best because of the fuel situation to substitute Thursday and Friday of the week following as school holidays. This arrangement will enable some parents to visit the schools during regular sessions on Tuesday morning.

The month of February has been designated by the national government as the month for the nation wide membership campaign in the interest of the Junior Red Cross movement in the schools. It is hoped that in this campaign nearly every school child in the United States may become enrolled as a Junior member of the Red Cross. The Brainerd schools will this week have raised sufficient funds, and turned over the same to the Red Cross treasurer to enable all of the school children in Brainerd to become members and receive a Red Cross button. The school Red Cross activities are being directed by Miss Sheldon, assisted by Miss Keene and with the cordial co-operation of all the principals and teachers. Both high school and grades have been organized for the work. Nine sewing machines will be kept humming by the sewing girls of the high school and upper grades, and knitting classes composed of both boys and girls have been organized in all the buildings. One hundred ninety-eight students in the high school alone, have enrolled in the knitting classes, a good sized class in surgical dressing is assured, and other activities will be added from time to time, as circumstances may require.

Although during the past few weeks the Red Cross drive and the Thrift Campaign have been to the forefront in the schools, it would be well for both teachers and pupils, as well as citizens in general, not to lose sight of the one great "help win the war" movement, food conservation which after all is one of the very greatest efforts in connection with the success of the war, and one in which every person, young or old, is in duty bound to assist. Each week witnesses some new effort or propaganda in connection with the war, all of which are worthy of support, but the "food problem" is one that will continue with us until the war is won, and, next to shipping and transportation, is perhaps the most vital as well as the most difficult question for solution.

The State Director of Vocational Education, acting under direction of (Continued on page 3)

### Speed up Repairs Mechanics Get Raise Trains are Delayed

(By United Press)

Washington, Feb. 11.—The national railways are speeding up locomotive repair shops and overtime work will be given until all locomotives are on the tracks again. The government will give the mechanics 40 per cent wage increase. Special investigators have learned that trains made up were allowed to wait hours for engines, the greatest congestion being due to the fact that there were no engines in shape to move them.

### Bolsheviki Definitely Withdraws

(By United Press)

Amsterdam, Feb. 11.—Bolsheviki has definitely withdrawn from the war ordering a complete demobilization of Russian forces on all fronts. The dispatches from Brest Litovsk say that Leon Trotsky, although formally refusing to sign a peace pact, said there would be no more war by Russia.

### Finland in Hand Anti-Bolsheviki

(By United Press)

Copenhagen, Feb. 11.—It is admitted that three-fourths of Finland is in the hands of anti-bolsheviki forces.

### Roosevelt is on the Road to Recovery

(By United Press)

New York, Feb. 11.—Theodore Roosevelt has suffered the hardest of convalescence and the doctors have ordered complete rest and quiet. The surgeons predict complete recovery.

### Will Investigate Cody Conditions

(By United Press)

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—Secretary Baker has notified Gov. Burnquist that the federal authorities will investigate Camp Cody conditions of which the Minnesota commission report of January 20 complained.

### Rail Strike in Argentina.

Buenos Aires, Feb. 11.—A general railway strike has been called through Argentina. Immediately on quitting work, the strikers began a wild anarchistic demonstration throughout the country. Trains were wrecked, cars laden with wheat were burned and wires were cut preventing news from the interior from reaching this city. Troops were rushed to points of greatest disorder. The large yards in the outskirts of Buenos Aires were set on fire by the strikers who fought off the firemen.

### Wilson Replies in No Uncertain Sound Regarding War Aims

BY ROBERT J. BENDER,

(United Press Staff Correspondent)  
Washington, Feb. 11.—A shot at the heart of German deceit and an olive branch to Austria.

This is President Wilson's answer to the peace aims speech of Hertling and Czernin. He said that America was preparing to fight relentlessly to unmask German autocracy and laid down the basic future negotiations on the following lines:

First—Each part of the final settlement must be based upon the essential justice of that particular case and upon such adjustments as are most likely to bring permanent peace.

Second—Peoples and provinces are not to be bartered about from sovereignty to sovereignty as though they were chattels or pawn in the game.

Third—Every territorial settlement involved in this war must be in the interest and for the benefit of the population concerned and not as merely a compromise of rival states.

Fourth—All well defined national aspirations according to the utmost satisfaction without introducing new or perpetuating the old element of discord that is likely in time to break the peace of the world and Europe.

President Wilson said "We can never turn back to the basis which

Hertling proposed, and America is ready to be shown that the settlements she has suggested are not the best, however she cannot see her way clear to peace until the causes of war are removed.

President Wilson openly invited Austria to further discussions of peace with the United States.

### Peace Pact Makes Situation Critical for the Rumanians

BY CARL D. GROAT,

(United Press Staff Correspondent)

Washington, Feb. 11.—The peace pact between Germany and Ukraine makes the Rumanian situation the most critical of the war, Rumania already being under tremendous pressure, and with Rumania practically forced to accept a separate peace pact the Balkan situation is increasingly serious.

### Are Still Unable to Announce Death List of Tuscania

(By United Press)

Washington, Feb. 11.—The government is still unable to announce the Tuscania death list. The list of survivors checked against the roster shows 342 unreported.

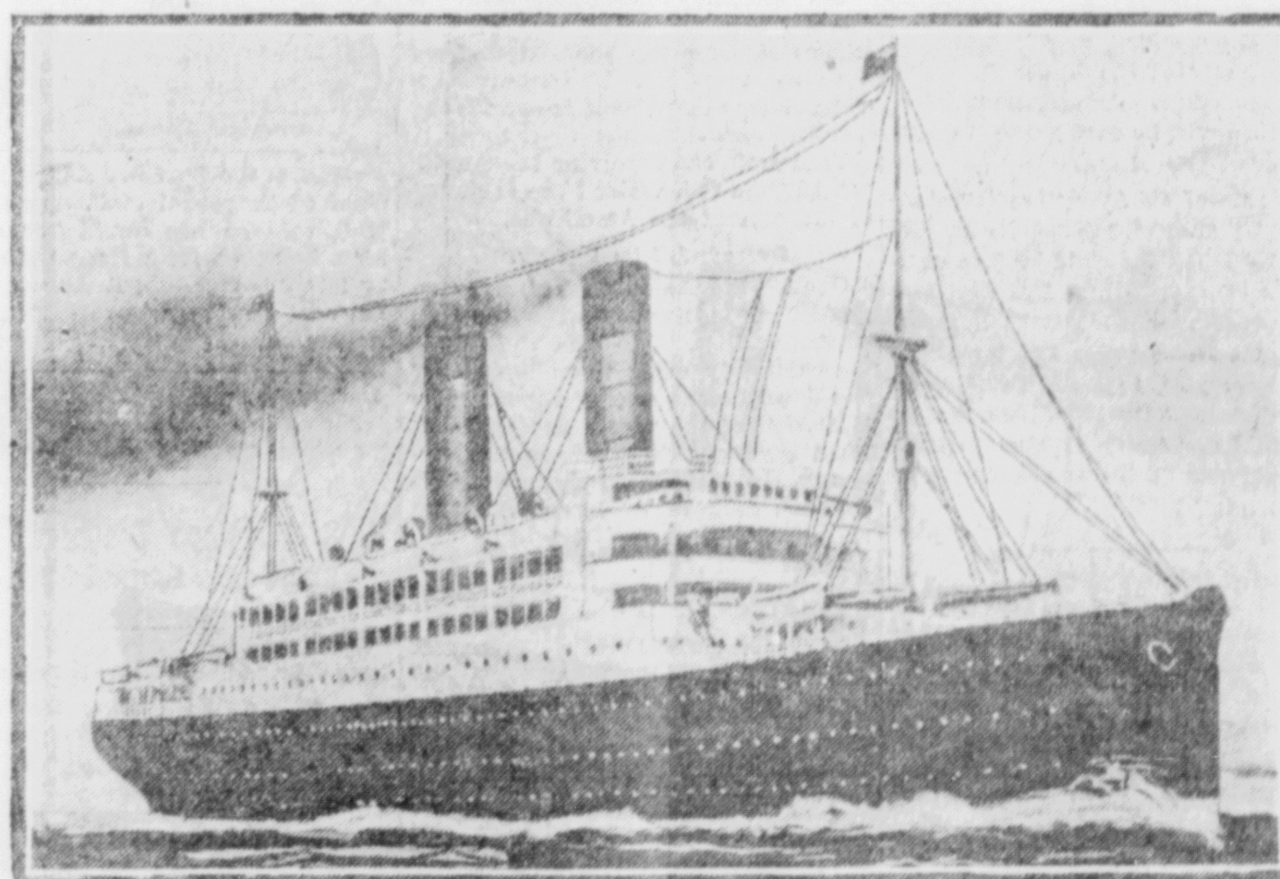
### Actual Conditions Central Empires Thro Best Source

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William Philip Sims, United Press staff correspondent, has been on the European battle-front since the war started and was recently assigned to make actual investigations of the conditions in the Central Empires through the best possible sources to secure accurate information, and the following is the first of four dispatches.

Zurich, Feb. 11.—Ominous unrest is growing daily through the Central Empires, and Germany and Austria must have peace or go under, the people of both countries demand it. If the allies stand pat on the Wilson program and make a stone wall of the western front the end of the war is in sight. This does not mean that Germany is on the brink of a revolution but it does mean that the people are tired of war and are opposed to the pan-German policy of conquest. The domestic conditions of both countries are appalling, Austria being threatened with disruption and long processions of women and children march through the streets demanding bread. Hunger is rampant and the death rate steadily mounting. The coal shortage is severe and milk is impossible to secure even for babies. While the rich still live well the masses are suffering horribly and there is little nutrition in the food they do procure.

### British Transport Sunk With 2,179 Americans Aboard



The British transport Tuscania, former Cunard liner, was sunk by a German submarine off the north coast of Ireland while she carried 2,179 American troops. Despite all the efforts of the Germans to prevent the landing of American troops in France and England this is the first transport they have succeeded in sinking. And the loss on this vessel was probably fewer than one hundred men.

### Some Michigan Troops Who Were Aboard the Tuscania



This photograph of Michigan militiamen was taken when they were in training at Camp McArthur, Tex. They are among the men who embarked on the Tuscania, the Cunard liner, which was torpedoed by a German submarine off the north coast of Ireland.

### CARD AND DANCING PARTY BY RED CROSS

**Tuesday Evening from 8 Until 12 O'clock at K. C. Hall will be a Brilliant Affair**

**Conservation Luncheon Has Been Abandoned--  
Hearty Cooperation Will Make it a Grand Success**

### NORTHWEST SOLDIERS NOT YET RECORDED

The names of the following U. S. soldiers appear in the list of those still unaccounted since the torpedoing of the Tuscania. It is most likely that many of these are safe and will be reported soon.

Minnesota.  
First Lieut. Wm. Binnie, Fridley.  
Edwin R. Burley, Bemidji.  
Fred K. Allen, Ada.  
Robert J. Moody, Cambridge.  
Andrew G. Anderson, Nelson.  
Wm. A. Coulsons, Blue Earth.  
Dale M. Fish, Wheaton.  
Frank Matrota, Jackson.  
Gunder S. Austad, Oklee.  
J. A. Elshammer, East Grand Forks.

Wisconsin.  
Raymond Butler, New Richmond.  
Alvin U. Collins, Markeson.  
Jas. A. Schleise, Rice Lake.  
Geo. R. Rogers, Dallas.  
Geo. D. Reinhardt, Jefferson.  
Chas. E. Swanson, Rothschild.  
Fred A. Rudolf, Milwaukee.  
Orvel N. Casper, Milwaukee.  
Reuben Patterson, Marinette.  
Harry S. Peterson, Milwaukee.  
Otis P. Merten, Waukesha.  
Claire Metznerbauer, Chippewa Falls.  
Arthur N. Harvey, Eau Claire.  
Edward P. Johnson, Ill.  
Earl O. Wisenberger, Jim Falls.  
Ernest A. Grabow, Milwaukee.  
Albert L. Larson, Kenosha.  
Arthur C. Junter, Kenosha.  
Otto Mowrey, Kenosha.  
Karl H. Hultenius, Kenosha.  
Jos. J. Marnolet, Independence.  
John P. McCutcheon, Washburn.  
John McArdle, Nashboro.  
Clarence H. McCue, Poy Sippi.  
Frank Sharpe, Milwaukee.  
Russell F. Bennett, Plainfield.  
Alcide Carollo, Lohville.  
Clifford Norris, New London.  
Wm. B. Spencer, New London.  
Henry J. Cook, Cameron.  
Herbert C. Jensen, Barron.  
Harry A. McCarty, Shell Lake.  
Hans C. Larson, Rice Lake.  
Henry A. Oksull, Ettrick.  
Francis J. Fremstad, Colby.  
Jacob W. Kramer, Abbottsford.

### Lunch Abandoned

The committee regrets to announce that the conservation luncheon has been abandoned and those who desire refreshments will be obliged to seek them elsewhere. The money so generously volunteered for this worthy purpose will be returned and those who had offered their services in planning conservation dishes for the luncheon will not be called upon. The motive and spirit of co-operation indicated, however, is much appreciated by the Red Cross workers in charge of the function and their thanks is thus publicly extended.

### Rooms Ready

The K. C. hall will be an attractive place Tuesday evening. The two club rooms will be used for cards and the main room for dancing and few families in the city but will be represented.

Dr. K. H. Hoorn, in charge of the sale of tickets, states that they are being taken freely and that the young middle aged and even those in the autumn of life are indicating their interest in the event and in the Red Cross and expressing their intentions of being present.

### Public Support

It is a happy condition of affairs when the general public so heartily co-operates in the work of any organization and one seems but to mention the words "The Red Cross" and a whole-hearted, spontaneous support is the result.

Undoubtedly the fact that the Red Cross is always among the first on the scene in the hour of disaster and that its work is one of succor and mercy the world over, are in a large measure responsible for this support from the people as a whole.

"Consistency" is its watch-word and the admonition, "be ye doers of the work" is carried out no more faithfully in any organization the world over than by the American Red Cross and by the local chapter.

### "Be There"

One last word of invitation to the public from the committee. Attend the party Tuesday evening, join your friends and neighbors in the social program, lend the Red Cross your support, not only from the sale of a ticket but by your presence; bring your friends and your family and become one of the gathering in spirit and in sympathy with the work itself.

### ASKING GRAIN RULES CHANGE

Three Northwestern States Take Up Matter in Washington.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Minnesota, North and South Dakota have united here on a program to bring about changes in the Federal grain standards.

Congressional delegates from the three states met with O. P. B. Jacobson, Colonel March and E. R. Henke of Minnesota, A. J. Aandahl of the North Dakota railroad commission, and P. W. Murphy, South Dakota railroad commissioner, and decided to put the case directly to Secretary David F. Houston of the Department of Agriculture.

A subcommittee composed of the five local men was named to draft resolutions on the changes desired. These will be passed Monday and will be taken to Secretary Houston Tuesday.

One proposal to be submitted is that a commission composed of a practical grain man appointed by the governor in each state that grows at least 100,000,000 bushels of grain annually, met with Mr. Houston to formulate the new standards.



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Attorney at Law  
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And write for our large illustrated  
SEED AND GARDEN BOOK.

Gets Good Results Quickly.  
These few lines from J. E. Haynes, McAlister, Okla., deserve careful reading by every one who values good health: "I find no medicine which acts so mildly and quickly with good results as Foley Cathartic Tablets. They empty the stomach and bowels, giving all of the digestive organs a healthy action." H. P. Dunn, druggist, mwf

## THE WEATHER

**Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours:**  
Mild continuing.  
Forecast by government for week: Generally fair, with mild temperatures for season, except short cold period about Monday, and again by middle of week.  
Co-operative observer's record, 6 P. M.—  
February 9, maximum 36, minimum 4 below.  
February 10, maximum 42, minimum 20.  
February 11, minimum for night, 24.

## LOCAL NEWS NOTES

News of Parties, Visitors, Visits, Deaths, Accidents, Etc., gratefully received by the Dispatch. Telephone North-west 74.

W. E. Lively went to Pillager this noon.  
For Spring Water phone 264. tf  
Charles Cooper went to Detroit this afternoon.  
Roy Warner returned from Minneapolis today.  
Ray Seelye has gone to Chicago and Detroit, Mich.  
Olsen Skau returned to Deerwood this afternoon.  
Miss Emma Elling has returned from Deerwood.  
Miss Maudie Anderson went to Detroit this afternoon.  
P. H. McGarry of Walker arrived in the city this noon.  
Mrs. E. J. McMahon, Slipp block, hemstitching and piecing. 181-1m  
Attorney Thomas W. Beare returned to Ironton this afternoon.  
Wm. P. Bartsch returned this noon from Hubert where he spent Sunday.  
Mrs. F. W. Wieland has returned from an extended visit in Minneapolis.  
Ed LaFond of Little Falls, publisher of the Daily Transcript, is in the city.  
Store your household goods with D. M. Clark & Co. 129tf  
H. J. Linnemann, prominent clothier of Crosby, returned home this afternoon.  
Charles Scheers of Akeley is in the city to attend the Sixth district congressional meeting.  
A. N. Gray, of the Bay Lake Fruit Growers' association of Deerwood, was in the city today.  
Miss Elsie Carlson has gone to Pergus Falls where she will enjoy a week's vacation with friends.  
Crystal Spring water, \$1.00 month. L. Bourassa, Telephone 13. 541m  
An eight pound boy was born to

Mr. and Mrs. Barney Anborne. She was formerly Miss Mabel Waffle.

Miss Vivian Reilly, guest of friends and relatives in the country, returned this afternoon to her home in Detroit.

Eyes examined, glasses fitted. Dr. E. E. Long, Ransford Bldg. 179tf  
In municipal court Judge Walter F. Wieland is hearing the cases wherein George Anderson is charged with several offenses.

Mr. and Mrs. V. L. Peabody, former Brainerd residents who have been visiting in Pine River, returned this noon to their home in St. Paul.

W. A. Spencer, who has been seriously ill since Thursday last, was taken to St. Joseph's hospital Saturday night and his condition is said to be critical.

Regular and Special Meeting  
Of  
AURORA LODGE NO. 100.  
A. F. & A. M.  
Tuesday Evening, Feb. 12,  
at 7:30 o'clock  
Work in Fellow Craft Degree.

Fifteen German aliens have registered to date at the chief of police office. More are expected Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, closing February 13 at 8 P. M.

Dispatch want ads measured three-quarters of a column. There were 10 help wanted, 6 for rent, 5 for sale and 4 miscellaneous wants. Telephone your wants to the Dispatch, Northwest 74, or mail your want or have it sent to the office. Ads are cash.

The Chamber of Commerce drum and bugle corps was out Saturday evening and serenaded Pat Woods and his new billiard parlors and barber shop, the Ransford hotel and the Chamber of Commerce. Fifteen drummers and buglers were in line, and they made themselves heard.

James W. Evans of San Francisco, Cal., was in the city endeavoring to interest the Elks entertainment committee in putting on his comedy and drama, "America Awake," to be given in full scenery and costume. He recently gave the play very successfully at Mankato with home talent.

Contributions for the service flag for Brainerd boys are flowing in. Those not personally solicited may see the committee men, Harry Carlson at the Carlson & Son store, or Fred Sanborn at the James R. Smith insurance office. Any amount over-subscribed will be donated to the Red Cross.

The sale of an Avery tractor mentioned by the Woodhead Motor Co. Saturday is the first sold by that company in this territory. The first sale of any tractor of that make however was made three years ago by Slipp-Gruenhagen Co. to J. H. Peterson of St. Mathias. The Woodhead people have sold an Avery tractor to Fred Reid and also an Oliver chilled three-bottom gang plow.

## FINN LOYALTY MEETING TONIGHT

A loyalty meeting at Finnish Socialist hall in Southeast Brainerd this evening will be addressed in the Finnish language by two prominent speakers, J. H. Jasberg of Hancock, Mich., general colonization agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, and J. A. Mattinen, of Cloquet, a well known merchant of that city. The meeting commences at 8 o'clock and promises to be largely attended.

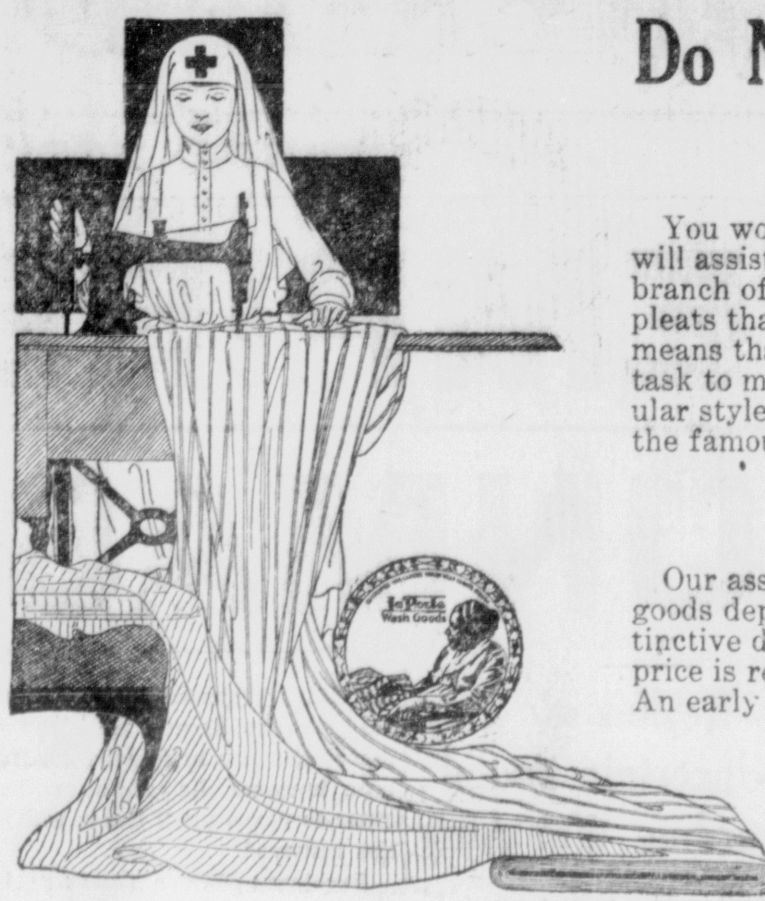
## DIPLOMATIC COURIERS HELD

**Detained in Stockholm. For Lack of Passports.**  
Stockholm, Feb. 11.—All diplomatic couriers on their way to Petrograd have been detained in Stockholm because of instructions received by the Finnish minister here to give no passports for foreigners.

Ira Nelson Morris, American minister, received information from Tonne, on the Finnish border, that a train had left for Petrograd, but that there was no certainty that it would get through to the Russian capital.

A Swedish relief boat left for Mahity-Laoto, taking provisions and money furnished by Minister Morris for the American consul at Helsinki.

**Canadians Sing French Songs.**  
An Atlantic Port, Feb. 11.—Seventeen hundred Canadian soldiers, invalided home, but all in good enough health to take care of themselves, joined in singing the songs of the trenches as the ship on which they arrived here from Europe was warped into her berth. The majority of the men had been abroad since 1914, and were discharged from hospitals only a short time ago. Ten Canadian nurses who had seen service abroad and whose health was impaired, also were among the passengers.



## Do Not Throw The Entire Burden On The Red Cross

You women who have been in the habit of buying your clothing ready-made will assist greatly in furthering the "Sew and Save" movement advocated as a branch of economy. The styles this year are simple and devoid of the frills and pleats that have characterized so many designs during the past seasons. This means that the work has been taken out of sewing and you will find it a pleasant task to make your clothes in accordance with your own tastes and the most popular styles. To assist you, we are glad to announce a most complete showing of the famous products of the looms:

LoPote

Wash Goods, Silks and Dress Fabrics

Our assortment is a delight to the many customers who have found our dress goods department the short road to economy and the quality colorings and distinctive designs combine to make a purchase of yard goods most pleasing. The price is remarkably low and well within range of the most moderate pocket book. An early visit from you will be attended by every courtesy from us.

**Murphy's**  
THE STORE OF QUALITY

## 5 U. S. SOLDIERS KILLED; 4 TAKEN

Ambushed American Patrol Fights Foe to The Death When Surprised.

## SURROUNDED BY ENEMY

Teutons Cry "Kamerad" And Then Open Fire On Sammies—Grenades Are Used—U. S. Now Commands Its Own Line.

With the American Army in France Feb. 11.—German shell fire has killed one American artilleryman and wounded five artillerymen.

The early reports of the encounters between the Americans and Germans in front of the American wire entanglements, have been confirmed. The enemy patrol cried "Kamerad," as they opened fire and continued to fight.

Our artillery immediately laid a barrage around the ambushing Germans and some are believed to have been accounted for. The infantry accounted for others, as it is certain the attacked patrol fought to a finish.

Yells from the enemy as the American barrage fell, verified the accuracy of the aim of the Americans.

**Surrounded by Enemy.**  
One of the American patrols, consisting of 14 men, went out to inspect the wire. The men were moving cautiously along when the leader heard suspicious noises ahead. The formation of the patrol was changed, when suddenly, according to the survivors, the men found themselves almost surrounded by large numbers of the enemy.

A German cried "Kamerad" and then hurled a grenade. The Americans opened fire with their rifles and pistols and hurled their grenades. The Germans did likewise.

**Germans Yelled "Kamerad."**  
The fight lasted only about a minute and a half, the Germans all the while yelling "Kamerad." They then retreated, taking with them four Americans and leaving behind four dead and two wounded Americans. One of the unwounded men crawled to where a wounded comrade lay moaning and gave him water, while the other wounded soldier dragged himself through the fire.

Quickly a hail of machine gun and rifle bullets was directed against the retreating Germans. Meanwhile the wounded man, who was a sergeant, died in the arms of a private who was endeavoring to give him aid.

**Cries and Yells in German.**  
The men in the trenches and the survivors had a gleam of satisfaction when the shells from the American heavy guns and 75s began hitting in a barrage. Cries and yells of pain in German were mingled with explosions. Then the barrage widened and there were further cries, proving that the enemy had scattered.

Another patrol quickly went over the top into No Man's Land and found their five dead comrades and one uninjured survivor of the first patrol, who had remained beside the bodies and was ready to give battle if the enemy returned.

The greatest courage was exhibited by the entire patrol, every man of which fought hard until killed or the enemy had withdrawn.

An American general now commands the sector of the front recently taken over by our troops. When the Americans first entered the sector it was under the command of a French general commanding a certain large unit of the French army. Now we have control.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

## SIR JOHN JELlicoe

former naval chief sees defeat of submarines by August.



Admiral Sir John R. Jellicoe, former chief of the naval staff, speaking at Hull, said he was afraid "we are in for a bad time for a few months—but by late summer—about August—I believe we will be able to say the submarine menace is killed."

## DIVER MENAGE ENDING

U. S. Develops Transport That U-Boats Cannot Sink.

New Method Is Revealed By Vice Chairman of Naval Board In Speech.

New York, Feb. 11.—According to a statement made by William L. Saunders, vice chairman of the naval consulting board, in an address at a dinner of the University of Pennsylvania alumni in this city, means have been found to make troop transports unsinkable by torpedoes.

Mr. Saunders added that one of the ships recently commandeered by the government "now lies at an Atlantic port and in such shape that she cannot be sunk by an exploding torpedo."

**Enemy Should Know.**  
"I can conceive of no reason why this information should be withheld," he added. "On the contrary, I believe it is well that the enemy may come to realize that the time has been reached when American transports, which that enemy cannot sink, are ready for the transportation of our troops. This ship may have a hole 30 or 40 feet in diameter blown in her side and she will remain afloat. Such a hole would waterlog but not tenth of the honeycombed airtight cells."

**Describes Plan in Detail.**  
Mr. Saunders described in detail the plan to keep ships afloat after they had been torpedoed, and the manner in which it had been developed by William F. Donnelly, a New York marine engineer, working under authorization of the naval consulting board.

"Of course, it will take some time to equip similarly the large number of transports we have," continued Mr. Saunders. "It is my belief, however, that nothing will be left undone by the administration to safeguard the lives of large troop contingents to be moved across the Atlantic."

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T. S. 332

## PEACE WITH UKRAINIA

Teutonic Powers Sign Separate Treaty With Republic.

Result May Be Break With Bolsheviks, As Trotsky Is Expected To Make Fight.

Amsterdam, Feb. 11.—Berlin officially announces the signing of a separate peace treaty between the Teutonic powers and the Ukrainian Republic at Brest-Litovsk.

Later unofficial dispatches from Berlin and Vienna said, "Germany and Austria have signed peace with the Ukrainian Republic. This would indicate that Bulgaria and Turkey are not parties to the contract."

The completion of the pact with Ukraine surprised no one in responsible quarters here, or in the Allied countries. But intense interest is focused on what course the negotiations between the Teutonic powers and the Bolsheviks at Brest-Litovsk now will take.

The general expectation is that the Bolsheviks will not only refuse to recognize the Ukraine-Teuton treaty, but may even precipitate a break at Brest-Litovsk, as the pact was signed on the Ukrainian side, not by a central government representing all of the 30,000,000 inhabitants of this richest part of Russia's grain-growing country, the great "Black belt," but by the elements adhering to the recently proclaimed independent Ukrainian Republic and hostile to the Bolsheviks.

Discussing the peace negotiations, the Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung says that no further concessions to the Russians will be permitted. "Should the peace negotiations with Ukraine materialize, the development of peace negotiations with Trotsky may be a matter of indifference to us," the paper adds.

## WOULD CUT AVIATORS' PAY

Senate Committee Gets Bill Recommended By Pershing.

Washington, Feb. 11.—On a report from General Pershing that aviation is not extra-hazardous service, Secretary Baker has submitted to the Senate military committee a bill to repeal all extra allowances in the aviation service, averaging 50 per cent.

"Flying duty is no more hazardous than duty with other combat troops and involves nothing like the hardships endured by troops which occupy trenches," said General Pershing. "Such laws are productive of improper balance in rank and pay which result in injustice to other arms and are no longer necessary in order to get personnel."

The measure submitted by Secretary Baker also would create a new grade of "aviator" to be filled by specially qualified civilians paid \$150 monthly.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

## Not a Bite of Breakfast Until You Drink Water

Says a glass of hot water and phosphate prevents illness and keeps us fit.

Just as coal, when it burns, leaves behind a certain amount of combustible material in the form of ashes, so the food and drink taken after day leaves in the alimentary canal a certain amount of indigestible material, which if not completely eliminated from the system each day, becomes food for the millions of bacteria which infest the bowels. From this mass of left-over waste, toxins and ptomaine-like poisons are formed and sucked into the blood.

Men and women who can't get feeling right must begin to take inside baths. Before eating breakfast each morning drink a glass of red-hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash out of the thirty feet of bowels the previous day's accumulation of poisons and toxins and to keep the entire alimentary canal clean, pure and fresh.

Those who are subject to sick headaches, colds, biliousness, constipation, others who wake up with bad taste, foul breath, backache, rheumatic stiffness, or have a sour, gassy stomach after meals, are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store, and begin practicing internal sanitation. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone an enthusiast on the subject.

Remember inside bathing is more important than outside bathing, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing poor health, while the bowel pores do, just as soap and hot water cleanses, sweetens and freshens the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

## KEEP LOOKING YOUNG

It's Easy—If You Know Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

The secret of keeping young is to feel young—to do this you must watch your liver and bowels—there's no need of having a sallow complexion—dark rings under your eyes—pimples—a bilious look in your face—dull eyes with no sparkle. Your doctor will tell you ninety per cent of all sickness comes from inactive bowels and liver.

Dr. Edwards, a well-known physician in Ohio, perfected a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil to act on the liver and bowels, which he gave to his patients for years.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, are gentle in their action yet always effective. They bring about that exuberance of spirit, that natural buoyancy which should be enjoyed by everyone, by toning up the liver and clearing the system of impurities.

You will know Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets by their olive color. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

**FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOR RHEUMATISM KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

**WORK UP—**

Every dollar you save brings your

**OPPORTUNITY**  
one dollar nearer

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK**  
BRAINERD, MINN.  
INTEREST PAID ON TIME AND SAVINGS DEPOSITS



# WOMAN'S REALM

## RED CROSS NURSE AT WAR FRONT

Miss Margaret B. Otis, American Girl, Finds English Uncomplaining Patients

### JANUARY WEATHER WAS COLD

Turkey for Christmas—Report that Unit to be Moved Close to Firing Line in Spring

In a letter from Miss Margaret B. Otis, now a Red Cross nurse somewhere in France, she tells her brother, J. Vincent Otis, of conditions at the base hospitals.

Miss Otis is the daughter of the late Col. Elmer Otis formerly of the Eighth U. S. Cavalry and last stationed at Fort Mead, S. D. She is also the sister-in-law of Brigadier General De Rosey C. Cabell now with the 10th Cavalry at Fort Huachuca, Arizona.

The outbreak of the Mexican trouble quickly found her at the American border where she nursed American soldiers, she showed herself the calm. Then when America entered the conflict, she followed her brother, daughter of a soldier, by being among the first to respond to the call in Europe and was quickly stationed somewhere in France.

Her brother, J. Vincent Otis, is a machinist employed at the railway shops here. In September she went to France and the voyage across was a pleasant one.

"A number of boats came with us and we spent most of our time watching each other. Thankful to say I was not seasick, but went to the table for every meal, though it was risky business sometimes.

"Our patients are in tents and are English. They make splendid patients and are so uncomplaining.

"It is very cold here, but in spite of it and the inconvenience I am very glad I came. Am feeling fine, but have chilblains on my hands and feet as most of the nurses have. They are most annoying especially when the skin cracks open. Several have had to remain off duty on account of them.

"My appetite is tremendous. We get plenty of good wholesome food except bread and it is very limited. Lately we only get a tiny slice once a day. I miss it dreadfully and do not feel satisfied without it. But I guess most every one has had to curb their appetites and it would not hurt me to do likewise.

"I have to break the ice in the pitcher of water nearly every morning and then proceed to take an ice sponge bath in a freezing cold room. It isn't a bit of fun, but believe it is good for me so try to keep up the good work.

"We had a very pleasant Christmas in spite of the great distance from our native country. We had turkey which helped wonderfully to cheer us up. Every one seemed to be in the proper spirit for so grand an occasion. We had midnight mass which was said for our dear mother. Elmer likewise said a mass for her so she was not forgotten. Christmas eve the doctors and nurses went through the camp carrying lanterns and singing carols. Then we made and filled for each patient a stocking. We also contributed toward their dinner, so really everything went very nicely.

"Report has it that this unit is to be moved close to the firing line early in the spring and that we will then have only Americans to take care of. It will be awful to have to give up the Tommies. Hope the American boys make better patients than they did on the border.

"Our little chapel is just across the street from here which makes it very convenient. An Irish priest, Father O'Neill whom we like so much."

## CONSERVATION RECIPE GIVEN

(Contributed)

When we realize the patience, bravery, heroism and loyalty of those, who in the fact of perils by sea and land, do their part for right and righteousness, in the winning of the present war, we, the women of America, are infused with the thirsting desire to do our part, along with those who "stay by the stuff" in assisting towards the consummation of a world-wide peace. In no better way can this be accomplished than in carrying out the directions of the food administrator as to the rules of conservation.

With the settled question of what and when shall we eat, comes the problem of how shall we prepare the required articles of diet.

Monday's paper will offer timely suggestions as to the present need, in the form of tested and proven recipes. The following recipe was introduced to Brainerd by Miss Mary Scott, of the high school and later remodeled, as to proportion of flour, under the supervision of Miss Sheldon of the domestic science department.

### HONEY DROPS

1/4 cup shortening  
1/4 cup sugar  
1/2 cup honey  
1/2 teaspoon lemon juice  
1 egg  
1 heaping cup flour (half wheat and half barley flour)  
1/2 cup ground oatmeal  
2 teaspoons baking powder  
1/4 teaspoon salt.  
Mix quickly and bake in hot oven.

### Young Peoples Alliance

The Young Peoples Alliance of the Evangelical church, will hold their monthly business meeting in the church basement on Tuesday evening, Feb. 12, at eight o'clock.

### Y. P. Business Meeting

The Young Peoples society of the Swedish Bethany church will hold a business meeting this evening at 8 o'clock at the church.

### S. S. Teachers Meeting

The Sunday school teachers and officers of the Swedish Bethany church will meet at the church Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

## ARE WELL PROVIDED FOR

### U. S. Survivors From Tuscania In British Camps.

Tommies Share Clothes With Those Unprotected—Officers Are Hardest Hit.

Londonderry, Feb. 11.—With the exception of about 100 sick and injured and a party of 142 who landed in Scotland, all the American survivors from the Tuscania are quartered in two military camps.

The news had spread through the countryside that the Americans were coming in special trains, and at each little railway station groups of farmer folk had gathered to catch a glimpse of the troops. Scottish troops piped the Americans from the railway to the camps.

A complete issue of clothing was made to each officer and private. The outfits came from British stores.

At one camp there were not enough overcoats, so the British Tommies gladly took off the coats they were wearing and put them on the Americans.

### Lose Their Funds.

The one thing most appreciated by the men was a visit from Miss Jean Ogilvie, a member of the Red Cross from New York. She was the first American woman they had seen since leaving the United States. Two-thirds of the men lost all of their funds. A few carried money belts and saved their money, which they promptly divided.

The American officers were hit hardest. All lost their kits and the larger part of their uniforms, which, unlike the privates, they must obtain at their own expense. At the camps the American officers were received in the British officers' mess in the heartiest fashion. One of the first things the Tommies did was to put on a show for them. Then all hands joined in singing some of the latest American ragtime pieces.

### Goat Flesh Meatless Day Enigma.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Food administration officials are confronted with the question of whether goat flesh may be served on meatless days. Proprietors of barbecue stands in Arizona appealed for the privilege of serving this substitute for beef, mutton and pork.



DOROTHY DALTON IN TRIANGLE PLAY, 'TEN OF DIAMONDS.'

Dorothy Dalton, last seen in "The Flame of the Yukon," will next be the central figure of "Ten of Diamonds," a Triangle play, which will be shown at the Best theatre, Wednesday.

Again she is the dance hall girl, joyous, reckless, yet with a sense of moral equity. One night, while she is telling her fortune over the cards in a dim corner of the basement cafe, a man of the upper world enters. He makes her a peculiar proposition, during the course of the evening. As a result, she is transplanted from the fetid, reeking atmosphere of the "joint" to a luxurious home on Fifth avenue, where she is carefully fashioned into a "lady."

She misunderstands the man's purpose, believing he is in love with her.

### LINCOLN-WASHINGTON BIRTHDAY OBSERVANCE

(Continued from page 1)

the war department, has requested all the school authorities of the state, so far as their facilities may permit, to assist in organizing classes, free of charge, for special training along some definite line of industrial war activity for young men in the second draft. A more complete announcement concerning the plan and scope of the above, as outlined by those in charge of the movement, will be published within a few days, and the matter will be considered by a committee composed of school board members, shop representatives and others. If a sufficient number of young men of the second draft can be found who would be interested in taking some special work preparatory to special war employment along skilled lines, undoubtedly an opportunity will be offered to them to do so.

The Lowell and Harrison schools are each preparing special programs to be given in the near future, with a small admittance fee, to raise funds for the Red Cross.

At the Parent-Teachers meeting held at the Lincoln school on Tuesday afternoon of last week, Mayor Belse addressed the meeting, which was well attended, on the general subject of health and communicable diseases. Dr. Belse presented a large amount of interesting and valuable information of especial importance and interest at this time, in so much as an epidemic of German measles as well as smallpox exists in Brainerd. A full opportunity for questions was offered, and information concerning vaccination as a preventative of smallpox was discussed. The doctor estimated that about one hundred cases of smallpox exist in Brainerd at the present time, with the likelihood that the condition will continue for an indefinite period. It is probable that a second opportunity for free vaccination at the schools will be offered in the near future as many parents who have thus far hesitated concerning vaccination have indicated a change of attitude as the spread of smallpox has come nearer and nearer home.

Volunteers from the teaching force of the schools will work in conjunction with the county superintendent, Mrs. Irma Hartley, several evenings a week, in preparing the index cards of the drafted men, based on the questionnaire filed by each man of the draft.

Report of Punctuality and attendance for January, 1918:

Name	% Att.	Tard.
Signe Beck	98.7	4
Elizabeth Somers	97.5	1
Clara E. Case	97.5	4
High school	97.4	10
Normal Dept.	97.4	0
Amy Freeberg	97.4	9
Lurline Gutzler	97.0	4
Lois Winter	96.9	1
Luella Austin	96.7	0
Irene Lowry	96.7	1
Julia Wahl	96.7	6
Louise Anderson	96.7	2
Sara Irwin	96.6	0

When he arranges her marriage with another she rebels, and, using the animal way to frustrate his scheme, she reels before the wedding guests with a well-feigned semblance of drunkenness. Thus the false reputation which she has enjoyed is blown aside, and she is again the common woman. But to the man who has watched her regeneration, there appears the finer traits that, without veneer of culture, are yet the attributes of the true lady, and he suddenly realizes his folly in trying to make her a weapon of revenge against the man he hates.

The play is a high-colored, dramatic creation with Miss Dalton at her best. The cast includes among the principals, Jack Livingston, J. Barney Sherry and Dorcas Matthews. The story is by Albert Cowles.

Susan Hanson	96.6	7
Louise Barrett	96.6	0
Anna Patterson	96.1	6
Fleda Caniff	96.1	4
Mary L. Small	95.8	1
Hannah Redy	95.8	5
Nora J. Smith	95.7	0
Hattie M. Sager	95.6	4
Margaret Somers	95.3	2
Vera Munger	95.2	0
Esther Anderson	95.1	10
Jennie McKay	95.1	1
Lucie Jelinek	94.9	5
Katherine Cosgrove	94.8	7
Neva B. Schroeder (J. H. S.)	94.5	6
Mary Crahan	94.5	7
Elizabeth Walsh	94.5	7
Grace Carlson	94.4	9
Rose Foley	94.3	0
Mae A. Hansen	94.2	0
Ella Mitchell	93.7	5
Mabel Edmunds	93.6	4
Elizabeth Heley	92.9	2
C. Mabel Early	92.7	3
Mary T. Walsh	92.2	2
R. Mabel Williams	92.2	0
Edna Allen	91.7	9
Bessie Waite	91.2	1
Mary E. Bishop	91.3	6

The Honor Roll of high school students having an average of 90 per cent or above for the third six weeks, period, is as follows:

Seniors—Violet Cregar, Ellen Dillon, Esther Ericsson, Georgia Frost, Mildred Lund, Hazel Keller, Henry Lagerquist, Lillian Nelson, Dagfred Olsen, Ida Reid, Clover Sabin, Margaret Stoner, Harry Somers, Ruth White, Ruth Thayer, Arden White.

Juniors—Arthur Anderson, Henry Bakkeila, Albert Nelson, Henry Nelson, Hilma Erickson, Karin Plaata, Thomas Johnson, Averil Jones, Mildred O'Brien, Dagmar Olsen, Mabel Olson, Eva Peterson, Gerda Peterson, Arthur Reid, Ethel Thomas, John Thabes, Hazel Worden, Edna Young.

Sophomores—Elsie Anderson, Edith Bartsch, Myrre Downie, John Gemmell, Ruth Linn, Harold Opsahl, George Peterson, Jennie Prickett, Clarence Reimstad, Charles Van Alstine, Jennings Warner, Ernest Wise, Olga Krueger.

Freshmen—May Anderson, Marguerite Carmichael, Franklin Ebner, George Engstrom, Sophia Graff, Walter Higbe, Ida Holden, Harold Olsen, Oscar Lee, Effie McCloskey, Mannie Nelson, Susanna Olson, Irene Quinn, Blanche Potter, Ione Rowley, Lorna Sampson, Gladys Senn, Abner Swanson, Ruth Mampel.

Those who have an average of 90 per cent for the entire semester are as follows:

Ellen Dillon, Esther Ericsson, Georgia Frost, Henry Lagerquist, Dagfred Olsen, Clover Sabin, Harry Somers, Arden White, Arthur Anderson, Averil Jones, Mildred O'Brien, Dagmar Olsen, Mabel Olson, Eva Peterson, Gerda Peterson, Edith Bartsch, Ruth Linn, Harold Opsahl, George Peterson, Marguerite Carmichael, George Engstrom, Walter Higbe, Harold Jones, Ione Rowley, Lorna Sampson, Abner Swanson.	94 1-5%
Seniors, Clover Sabin	94 1-5%
Juniors, Mildred O'Brien	92 2-5%
Sophomores, John Gemmell	93 4-5%

Freshmen, Ione Rowley.....95 1-5%  
Consolidated report of all buildings for January, 1918:

Enrolled, boys 831, girls 956, total 1787; new entries for month, 25; cases of tardiness, 140; days lost by teacher with substitute, 22; cases of corporal punishment, 4; cases of truancy, reported, 3; fire drills, 10; teachers' meetings, 2; parent-teachers meetings, 3; per cent of attendance, 96; books from libraries, 993; number of books added to school libraries, 500; number of schools organized for war activities (all schools) 6.

### CAUSED BY WEIGHT OF SNOW

Simple Explanation of Odd Shapes of Trees, That Has Been a Mystery to Many.

To the person who is not versed in forest lore the grotesquely bent tree trunks that are to be found in almost all woods are mystifying, and wonder is often aroused as to the cause, remarks the Popular Science Monthly. Foresters will tell questioners that in the case of trees in mountainous country and other sections where the snowfall is heavy, the weight of snow is responsible in most instances for the queer twists they assume. When a tree is young the weight of snow that falls on its branches often bends the trunk over until it is flattened to the ground. Sometimes it is buried under six or eight feet of snow and held in that position so long that when warm weather comes the tree fails to spring back into its normal position. The summer sun causes the tip of the young tree to turn upward and if it manages to withstand the weight of the snow of the next winter, that portion of the tree will, as a general rule, continue to grow in a normal way. "Hairpin" bends and other odd shapes result.

A curious tree stands on the top of Funnel hill, Johnstown, Pa., about four miles from town. It is a sugar maple about one hundred years old which has prolonged its own life by grafting a branch into a much younger tree.

### BECOMES IRKSOME AT TIMES

No Matter What the Nature of One's Occupation, Its Routine Will Occasionally Weary.

Are there times when your work becomes intolerably irksome? Yes? Well, don't jump at the conclusion that you are in the wrong place when this happens once in awhile. That will be true whatever work you choose. No matter how well adapted you are to your occupation, there will come times when your thoughts will wander, and the routine will weary you, and you will feel that any other work would be preferable to that which you have chosen. One of the best-known woman writers of the last generation wrote an impassioned warning to literary aspirants, telling them to do any work, even scrubbing floors, in preference to taking up a literary career. Undoubtedly she wrote at a time when her chosen work seemed unspeakably irksome, but if she had been cornered, she would probably have acknowledged that the profession of authorship has considerable to commend it when compared with scrubbing floors.

This occasional impatience with our vocation is inevitable. No matter how congenial it is, there are times when it will seem a burden. The people who change their occupation every time it begins to bore them, are the tramps of the business world.

### As to Remarkable Longevity.

We have all read of Thomas Parr, who lived to be one hundred and fifty-two. Likewise of the countless of Desmond, one hundred and forty-five; Margaret Patten, one hundred and thirty-seven; Thomas Dammie, one hundred and sixty-four; John Rovin, one hundred and seventy-two; and Peter Torton, who reached the age of one hundred and eighty-five. But these cases of extraordinary longevity lack proof.

In the days when those persons lived no accurate chronological records were kept, and dates of occurrences were usually fixed by associating them in memory with other events believed to have happened about the same time. A man's identity was liable to be confused with that of a grandfather of the same name.

Nowadays nobody lives to any such ages. Why imagine that the extreme limits of longevity have shrunk within the last two or three centuries?

### Winter's Discipline.

He who marvels at the beauty of the world in summer will find equal cause for wonder and admiration in winter. It is true the pomp and pageantry are swept away, but the essential elements remain—the day and the night, the mountain and the valley, the elemental play and succession, and the perpetual presence of the infinite sky. In winter the stars seem to have rekindled their fires, the moon achieves a fuller triumph, and the heavens wear a look of more exalted simplicity. Summer is more wooing. . . . more versatile and human, appeals to the affections and the sentiments, and fosters inquiry and the art impulse. Winter is of a more heroic cast, and addresses the intellect. The severe studies and disciplines come easier in winter. One imposes larger tasks upon himself.

### A Question.

Why don't we get dimples instead of wrinkles?—Louisville Courier-Journal.

WHERE PRICE & QUALITY MEET

# Lammon's

THE STORE WITH A CONSCIENCE

BRAINERD MINN.

## FAMILY RECIPES

There are many family recipes of real value—for cold and cough remedies, liniments, tonics, etc. When such recipes are brought to us they receive the same careful attention as the most intricate prescriptions.

Our fresh, high-grade drugs will help to make these remedies more effective. Remember our policy—right goods, right service, right prices.

## Big Fire Sale

### On Furs Continues Full Force

Ladies of Brainerd and vicinity are flocking to the store in its new location taking advantage of the Phenomenal Bargains offered.

Act Now. Buy Your Furs Now and Save Money.

## Brockman FUR Factory

712 Front St., Brainerd, Minn.

## THE DISPATCH

Prints the Best and Latest in Wedding Invitations and Announcements, Dancing Party Invitations and Programs, Programs for Recitals, Entertainments and Other Occasions, also Supper, Social, Entertainment and Dance Tickets, Milk Tickets, Etc.

We will be Pleased to Show You Samples of Our Work and Give You Our Prices. Call on Us.

## The DISPATCH JOB DEPARTMENT

Dispatch Building, So. Sixth St.

### Don't Wear Smoked Glasses.

Worry is a pair of smoked glasses, through which all the world looks somber. The sunshine is as golden as ever, and the sky as blue, but through those smoked glasses everything looks dreary. If some of you would only pocket your worries, and see what the world really is like, it is pretty certain that you would make up your mind to do without smoked glasses in the future.

### Thought for the Day.

He who hardens his heart softens his brains.

### Aggravating.

Nothing makes a woman so mad as to have something to say and no one to listen.—Boston Transcript.

### Croup at Midnight Well in Morning.

"A few nights ago one of my patrons had a small child taken with croup about midnight," writes M. T. Davis, Bearsville, W. Va. "They came to my store and got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. Before morning the child had entirely recovered." Use only Foley's for coughs, colds, croup and grip. H. P. Dunn, druggist. mwf

### Live Wires.

Measuring the current carried from electric wires by streams of water from fire hose, an Italian scientist found that chemical extinguishers were the most dangerous fire-fighting equipment to use around live wires.

A neglected cold in a child's head often leads to chronic catarrh and catarrhal deafness—stunting children's mental growth, making them appear stupid.

## Try Kondon's for the baby's cold

(at no charge to you)

50,000,000 have used this 25-year-old remedy. For chronic catarrh, sore nose, cough, colds, sneezing, nose-bleed, etc. Write us for complimentary can, or buy tube at druggist's. It will benefit you FOUR times more than it costs, or we pay money back. For trial can free write to—

KONDON MFG. CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

# KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY



## THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

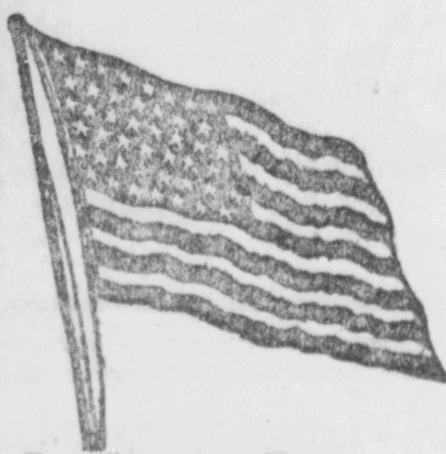
By Ingersoll &amp; Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES  
 One Month ..... Forty Cents  
 One Year, strictly in advance.....\$4.00

Office in Dispatch Building on 5th St.  
 Entered at the post office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.



MONDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1918



Your Flag and my Flag!  
 And, oh, how much it holds  
 Of your Land and my Land  
 Safe within its folds.  
 Your heart and my heart  
 Beat quicker at the sight;  
 Sun-kissed and wind-kissed,  
 The Red, the Blue and White!  
 The one Flag—the Great Flag—  
 The Flag for me and you—  
 Glorified the whole world wide—  
 The Red, the White, the Blue!

## ARE YOU SACRIFICING

When France, last fall, faced an absolute sugar famine, our government took quick, drastic action. It withdrew from the sugar supply of this country the hundred thousand tons or so that France needed to save her people from sugar starvation, and then told the American people it was up to them to make up the deficit by eating less sugar. That caused this winter's scarcity. And no American worth a hill o'beans begrudges the French people that sugar.

Well, it's come to the same thing with wheat. Our European allies are in sore need of flour. They'll soon be without bread unless they can get wheat from us. They need, at the very least, 75,000,000 bushels to provide their people with the bottom bread ration required to sustain their life and working energy. They would like to get 100,000,000 bushels. The only place where they can hope to get the wheat is in the United States. And we haven't any surplus.

What are we going to do about it? Precisely what we did about sugar. We have got to make a surplus. The food administration is considering the plan of cutting down sales of flour in this country to 75 per cent of the amount now handled, thereby releasing 50,000,000 bushels of wheat to be milled and shipped to our allies. Mr. Hoover will certainly do so if he is satisfied that the American public is in a mood to endure the resulting inconvenience.

Any American should be ashamed not to make his share of the sacrifice cheerfully and gladly. It isn't a question of going hungry anyhow, as it is in Europe. We have plenty of food. Our women and children will not suffer. It's merely a question of dietary adjustment. We must eat more of the other cereals, especially corn, and more vegetables, especially potatoes, in order to get along with less bread.

Will we do it? We will.

WADENA FAVORS  
A CONVENTION

Of the Old Style Under a Call that  
 Would Give all Candidates a  
 Fair Show

## THINK ANY OTHER PLAN UNWISE

Delegation is Elected by Wadena  
 County Only for the Purpose of  
 Bringing About Such Plan

Wadena, Feb. 9, 1918.—At a mass convention of Wadena county republicans held here today, under a call issued by Chairman George Stowe, twelve delegates were selected to attend the congressional conference to be delegates held at Brainerd Tuesday next.

These delegates have restricted authority, however, as a resolution was adopted declaring that Wadena county republicans would not favor the endorsement of any congressional candidate at the Brainerd meeting, but instead, suggests that the Brainerd conference join in a demand for an old fashioned republican congressional convention for the Sixth district, wherein all contenders may have opportunity to make the race for the republican nomination. The suggestion is made that the proposed convention be held about May 1, next, and that it be called by the congressional committee in authority prior to the time when the primary law was extended to cover congressional nominations.

Local republicans express the sentiment that an endorsement by a conference made up of individuals who can claim to represent nobody except themselves would be of doubtful value. They do not like the idea of dividing the party on Knutson and anti-Knutson lines. The proposal to hold an old time convention is felt to provide a method whereby all aspirants may have a fair and impartial method of submitting their claims to the voters of the district.

The following resolutions were adopted at the meeting in the city this morning:

Whereas, Republicans of Wadena county, in a mass meeting assembled, in response to a call issued by County Chairman George M. Stowe, are met with the request that they participate in a conference to be held at the city of Brainerd Feb. 12, next, at which conference it is proposed to unite all forces opposed to the nomination and reelection of Congressman Harold Knutson, of the Sixth Minnesota district, and

Whereas we realize that this is a momentous period in the national life, with many added duties devolving upon us as true American citizens, and that one of the most important of those duties is to aid in the selection of men for high official positions whose loyalty is above reproach and who can be depended upon at all times to extend hearty support to the war policies of President Wilson, who, as commander-in-chief of the American military and naval forces, is entitled to our wholehearted support. We also realize that there is more or less dissatisfaction among Republicans of this congressional district with some of the war votes of Congressman Knutson, and there is a well defined and quite general demand for his retirement.

Resolved, therefore, that in the judgment of this convention great care should be taken by the loyal Republicans of this district not to become involved in any ill timed or ill considered movement designed to bring about the nomination of a man to oppose Congressman Knutson and that in any such movement it would be poor policy to proceed upon the theory that such a nomination can be made in a voluntary mass meeting and that, in any event, in any such convention, representation should at least be accorded to Mr. Knutson's friends, in order that a full and free expression of Republican sentiment

may be obtained in a fair and impartial manner. And be it further

Resolved, that this gathering of Wadena county Republicans, for the purpose of ascertaining Republican sentiment of the district, as nearly as may be possible, under existing conditions, does recommend of Republicans of the Sixth congressional district at as early a date as possible. That such convention be called by the officers of the congressional committee existing prior to the adoption of the primary law, as it relates to congressional offices in Minnesota; that representation be accorded in such call to the Republicans of the various counties in accordance with the vote cast for Burnquist for governor in 1916. We would suggest that said convention be held about May 1, 1918. As Republicans and as citizens having the welfare of our country at heart, we favor the holding of such a convention, and we would favor at such convention the adoption of a resolution endorsing some person as a candidate for congress. And it is further

Resolved, that for the purpose of bringing about action upon the sentiment involved, in the foregoing resolutions, and for that purpose only, this convention has selected a number of delegates to attend the congressional conference aforesaid, to be held at Brainerd, Feb. 12, 1918, and the delegates so elected are hereby instructed that their authority from this mass convention is restricted to a consideration of the question of bringing to pass, as nearly as may be possible under existing conditions, of a fairly representative convention of Republicans of the Sixth congressional district, as above indicated. Any action taken by them at said meeting at Brainerd which has not been held to represent the sentiment of the members of this convention.

## U. S. GUNNERS ARE EXPERTS

High Degree of Praise Is Given Them  
 By French Officer.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Warm praise of the state of efficiency reached by American gunners in their training with the famous French 75-millimeter guns was received from a French artillery officer who has just arrived in Washington to join an official mission. He said many of the American batteries have exceeded the best records made by French gunners who have been using the 75s since that weapon was adopted.

The officer described the work of one squad which several times fired thirty rounds a minute as being the subject of admiring comment through the French armies. Four men compose this squad.

So perfect were the movements of each gunner, the French officer declared, that it was impossible to distinguish the slightest variation in the intervals between each shot over a stretch of several minutes.

## He'd Had Experience.

Professor—You say Scottiesworth is making a success, even after his wild career at college?

Professional—Yes, he's president of a wrecking company.—Chaparral.

## The Difference.

"The knight of old begged his lady love for her glove."

"And the modern lover begs his girl not to hand him the mitten."

## Same, Only Different.

Bilton—Have you any close friends who have money?

Tilton—All my friends who have money are close.—Lampoon.

## But Would He?

"If you should bump into de governor of de state right here in de pen wold'd you say?"

"I'd say 'pardon me.'"

## Varieties of Prominence.

"So you are married? Congratulations."

"Yes, Married a prominent girl, too."

"Society or chorus?"

## DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

STAFF FORMED  
INTO 5 DIVISIONS

Secretary Baker Issues Order  
 Outlining New Organization  
 of War Department.

## BLISS REMAINS CHIEF

Executive of Each of New Divisions  
 To Act For Secretary of War—  
 March To Be Acting  
 Chief of Staff.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Secretary Baker has issued a general order outlining the new organization of the War department and giving full powers in their respective fields to assistants to the chief of staff at the head of the five divisions into which the staff is formed.

Chiefs of all bureaus, corps and other agencies of the military establishment are instructed to communicate directly with heads of staff divisions on matters as to which the latter have control, and division heads are authorized to act for the secretary of war and chief of staff in such matters.

## Chief Authority Emphasized.

The order emphasizes the authority of the chief of staff, who, with the War council, is the immediate adviser of the secretary on all questions relating to military establishment.

"The planning of the army program in its entirety," says the order, "the constant development thereof in its larger aspect and the relation of this program to the general staff and the entire army will be the duty of the chief of staff and the War council."

The duties of the chief of staff will be taken over soon by Major General Peyton C. March, ordered home from France, to succeed Major General Biddle, assistant chief of staff, who has been acting chief of staff in the absence of General Bliss.

## Bliss to Continue as Chief.

For the present General Bliss will continue to hold the title of chief of staff while representing the United States in the Supreme War council abroad, and General March will be designated acting chief.

There are reports in army circles that Edward R. Stettinius, recently made surveyor general of supplies under the purchase and supply division of the general staff, soon may be made a general officer and chief of that division. The office now is held by Brigadier General Pierce.

## EDITOR AND WIFE ARRESTED

Minnesota Couple Are Taken On Sedition Charge.

Alexandria, Minn., Feb. 11.—Carl A. Weld, editor of the Park Region Echo, and his wife, Eva Emerson Weld, have been arrested here on a warrant issued by the state attorney general's office charging them with making seditious and disloyal statements in their paper.

The Welds went before a local justice and waived hearing and were released on bonds to be tried at the circuit court in February here. Last year they were called before postoffice department officials to show cause why their paper should not be barred from the mails because of alleged attacks made on the government and its prosecution of the war.

## CHALLENGE TO SUBMARINES

U. S. Vessel to Enter War Zone Without Escort.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The first non-sinkable ship, the Lucia, achievement of American genius, will lead this week and leave for Europe.

She will be without convoy at any stage of the voyage. She goes as an open challenge to the German submarines to disprove that she is invulnerable.

No other test has been made or will be made of the efficacy of her multiplicity of airtight and watertight cells. Her trial trip and maiden voyage will be a deft to the U-boats or the most practical test possible—their marksmanship.

## Slurred U. S. Army; Sent to Prison.

London, Feb. 11.—The Hon. Bertrand Russell, late lecturer and fellow of Trinity college, Cambridge, and heir presumptive to the second Earl Russell, has been sentenced to six months imprisonment by a Bow street magistrate for making certain statements slurring the American army in a publication called "The Tribunal." It was held that the statements were likely to prejudice Great Britain's relations with the United States.

## Socialists Demand Immediate Peace.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—In a proclamation to America, the national executive committee of the Socialist party declare that two problems should now engage the energy and ability of the working class: "First—An immediate peace with full representation of the working classes at the peace conference. Second—The reconstruction which must immediately follow upon the close of hostilities." The declaration of President Wilson in favor of open covenants of peace was approved.

## BEST THEATRE

Today

Today

## "THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION"

The first pictures to reach this country of this great epoch of History -- showing Kerensky---the releasing of the Siberian Prisoners---the Battalion of Death---Seven reels full of interest to all.

Daily Shows 3:00 --- 7:30 --- and 9:00 --- Admission 10c and 15c and Tax.

Closed Tomorrow--U. S. Fuel Orders--

Wednesday--Dorothy Dalton--in--The Ten of Diamonds

## DEATH ON GALLOWES

Modern German Pirates Deserve  
 Fate of Buccaneers of Old.

Sailors Serving on United States  
 Merchant Marine Today Knew  
 Man Who Remembered Fate  
 of Spanish Freebooters.

Stories of piratical methods employed by German submarine commanders in burning undefended merchant vessels and mistreating defenseless crews are no novelty to thousands of mariners on the Atlantic coast, such as are now enrolling for service in the new merchant marine.

Some of these sailors, who are to man the emergency fleet of merchant ships being constructed for the United States shipping board to take supplies to our armies in France, actually knew men who suffered at the hands of the last pirates of the Spanish main, whose methods were similar to those of the Germans.

Among the men who reported for duty as mates recently at the recruiting headquarters of the shipping board were some from the Massachusetts coast who had known a survivor of the last ship taken by Spanish pirates of the Caribbean. This was Capt. Thomas Fuller of Salem, who died in 1906 at the age of ninety-four.

Captain Fuller was able seaman in the crew of the brig Mexican of Salem in 1832 when, laden with saltpeper and tea, with \$20,000 in silver stowed under the cabin floor, she sailed from her home port for Rio.

On August 29, near the coast of Cuba, the schooner was held up by a vessel described as "a long, low, straight topsail schooner of about 150 tons, painted black," which hailed and requested the captain of the Mexican to send a boat alongside with his papers.

The boat was sent, and came back in charge of an ill-looking armed crew of pirates from the Spanish main, who drove the crew of the Mexican below decks, fastened down the hatches, and began looting the vessel. Finding the silver, they sent it aboard their own ship.

The pirates next cut the sails and rigging of the brig to pieces and started a fire in the galley on deck, which they expected would soon destroy the brig. They then departed for their own vessel, and sailed away in search of other victims.

But they had neglected to fasten down the cabin skylight. Through this the brig's captain crawled, and, getting to the fire, splashed water on it until he had it in control. He then caused it to smoke heavily until the enemy was out of sight.

The crew rigged their vessel, and, favored by a gale made their escape from such a dangerous neighborhood. Salem sailors today recall with satisfaction that the long arm of justice meted out retribution to the pirates.

A few months later a Salem vessel was in the harbor of St. Thomas, when a low, black schooner anchored near her. The Salem captain was suspicious, and inventing an excuse went aboard the schooner for a call. On her deck he saw two spars painted black which he recognized as belonging to the Mexican.

That night the stranger left the harbor, but the Salem captain notified a British man-of-war captain of her character.

A few months later the British brig-of-war Curlew caught the black stranger in the Nazareth river, a slaving locality on the west coast of Africa. The pirate crew fled to the shore and found shelter with a native. They were hunted hard, and four were taken. Later 11 others were taken at Fernando Po and St. Thomas.

The pirates were conveyed to Boston for trial, and found guilty of the attack on the Mexican. Their captain, Pedro Gilbert, assumed innocence and the sir of an injured gentleman. He was found guilty, with four others. In sentencing the five to death, Judge Joseph Story used language that reduced the court to tears, closing with these words to the condemned men: "And in bidding you, as far as I can presume to know, an eternal farewell, I offer up my earnest prayer that Almighty God may in his infinite mercy

## WHERE TO BUY

Wear-ever Aluminum utensils, Ocedar mops and oil, Liquid veneer, furniture polish, Icy hot bottles and lunch kits, Perfection cook stoves and heaters, Liquid Granite floor finish, T. L. Blood's ready made Paints, Roger Bros. 1847 silver plated ware, Acorn Combination coal & Gas range. Henry Diston saws, of all kinds.

All our goods are of the highest quality, standard made and we fully guarantee every article.

White Bros.

Hardware and Sporting Goods

Tel. 57

:-:

616 Laurel St.

and goodness have mercy on your souls."

The five men were hanged in Boston, and with their exit piracy ended in the western world.

## How They Became Sammies.

It has been reserved to the Paris Figaro to discover, in the American slang dictionary, the "true" origin of the term "Sammy" as expressive of the American "Tommy," says the Christian Science Monitor. The expression did not originate in France, but at West Point, in 1870, when a certain Lieutenant Mills was manager of the mess. The fare included some formidable sandwiches of bread and molasses. Only the cadet who had consumed six of these substantial sandwiches in succession was allowed to bear the appellation of "Sammy." All of which sounds like a very plausible attempt, on the part of the French police, to disclaim credit for the eponym which caused so much dissatisfaction with the American troops which it was first heard at a French landing port.

## Can Now Buy Single Shoes.

Single shoes have been put on sale in London, marked at special prices. This has been done as a concession to the many one-legged men discharged from the army.

## ROOSEVELT STILL IMPROVES

Complete Recovery Considered Only  
 Matter of Time.

New York, Feb. 11.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt, who underwent two operations at the Roosevelt hospital last week, is steadily improving and his physicians believe that his recovery is simply a matter of time.

Mrs. Roosevelt has received the following message from King George of England:

"The queen and I regret the illness of Colonel Roosevelt and hope for his speedy recovery."

## Ask War Use of Gas Stopped.

Berne, Switzerland, Feb. 11.—The international committee of the Red Cross has issued an appeal to all belligerent armies to abandon the use of asphyxiating gas, by common agreement.

## Germans Ignore Pact With Russ.

London, Feb. 11.—A British official communication calls attention to the Germano-Russian armistice stipulations signed on December 15, that no German troops should be transferred to the West front, save movements already begun. It has been definitely ascertained from prisoners captured, says the statement, that seven divisions from Vilna, Lemberg, Tarnopol, Pinsk, Warsaw, Riga and Novgorod left the east front between Dec. 16 and 31 and arrived on the west front Dec. 21 and Jan. 7.

## To Get Rid of Ants.

Make a sirup, using two tablespoonfuls of sugar, two tablespoonfuls powdered borax and one quart boiling water. Saturate a sponge with this mixture and lay it where the ants are thickest. When it is filled with ants, plunge into boiling water.

Starting  
TONIGHT

On Page Six

We will print Dr.  
 Edward Everett  
 Hale's Patriotic  
 masterpiece, entitled

The Man  
Without  
a Country

Every real American, foreign or native born, should read this story at this time, even though he may have read it before.

It is an inspiration and a lesson for this hour of national crisis.

We want every  
 reader of this  
 paper to read  
 this wonderful  
 story.

Do Not Miss It In  
These Columns

This story is furnished this newspaper through the Publicity Department of the Commission of Public Safety.

## Notice to Dispatch Subscribers

Beginning March 1, 1918, the following subscription rates will be put into effect on the Dispatch:

Daily Dispatch per year by carrier.....\$5.00  
 Daily Dispatch three months by carrier..... 1.25  
 Daily Dispatch per month by carrier..... .50  
 Daily Dispatch per year by mail..... 4.00  
 Weekly Dispatch per year..... 1.50

All subscriptions payable in advance

This action is taken owing to circumstances which are beyond control of the publishers and which are well known to the patrons of the paper, the unprecedented increase in the cost of paper and in every branch of the printing business making it imperative. While the increase is so small to the individual subscribers it is hoped the publishers may count on their hearty cooperation in this vital matter of every patron of the paper.







## WANTS

## HELP WANTED

WANTED—Porter. Ideal hotel. 1950-2021f

GIRL WANTED—Eggen hotel, 810 Front street. 1994-2111f

WANTED—Waitress at the Iron Exchange hotel. 1973-2051f

WANTED—Messenger boy over 16 years. Call Western Union. 1961-2021f

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply 511 North 5th street. 1995-2111f

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at once, 620 North Sixth street. 1988-2091f

WANTED—Girl for general housework, used to children. Good home and wages. Phone 137-J or call at 507 Kingwood. Mrs. Fred T. Lincoln. 1909-2101f

## FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, 609 Kingwood St. 1908-1841f

FOR RENT—5 rooms upstairs, 601 9th street South. 198613

FOR RENT—5-room house. Inquire 607 S. 9th after 6 P. M. 1922-1871f

FOR RENT—Flat at 1001 Oak St. Inquire at 723 S. 5th St. Phone 726-L. 1930-1901f

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 402 South Broadway, one block from Laurel street. 1996-2111f

FOR RENT—Five room and three room dwelling on West Oak St. Apply to Henry I. Cohen, Iron Exchange Bldg. 1969-2031f

## FOR SALE

FOR SALE—No. 5 Oliver Typewriter for sale, good condition. Apply Iron Exchange Hotel. 2000-2121f

FOR SALE—Two fine toned violins. Will be willing to give lessons to beginners. H. Clowes, 422 4th Ave. N. E. 1929-2061f

FOR SALE—Or will trade for Brainerd city property or land, a garage building, 30x90 feet in Stewartville, Minn. Mrs. H. D. Eagle, 1107 Norwood St. 1761-1441f

FOR SALE—Corner wooded 50-foot lot in N. E. Brainerd, at \$125.00, cash \$25.00 balance at \$10.00 per month. Brainerd State Bank. 1924-1881f

FOR SALE—High power and geared racing roadster. Just the thing for some fellow who wants speed. Cheap for cash. Inquire or address "M." Dispatch, 1811-1581f

FOR SALE—My home on Oak street, of six rooms and store room. Good basement, good barn, an abundant supply of water for all purposes, and five acres of land. Reasonable price. Easy terms. Dennis Mahoney, Palace Hotel. 1980-2071f

## MISCELLANEOUS

FOUND—Lady's blue cloth belt. Call Dispatch, pay ad. 1993-2101f

LOST—A string of jet beads. Return to Western Union. 1999-2121f

FOUND—Key ring with 7 keys, one being postoffice and one watch key. Identify pay ad Dispatch. 1992-2101f

WANTED—Experienced lady stenographer desires position. Address "E. P." care of Dispatch. 1974-2051f

TO EXCHANGE—120 acres of land within 1/2 mile of Phillbrook, Minn. 45 acres cultivated, good soil, to exchange for desirable Brainerd residence property. W. W. Michael 506-R. 1978-206 16

OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED—Don't matter if broken. We pay \$2 to \$17.50 per set. Also cash for silver castors, old gold, silver and broken jewelry. Send by parcel post and receive cash by return mail. Will hold goods 10 days for sender's approval of our offer. D. Berner's, 124 Madison Ave., Albany, N. Y. 1998-212126

## Way to Success.

Power is the goal of every worthy ambition and only weakness comes from imitation or dependence on others, says a writer in Success. Power is self-developed, self-generated. We cannot increase the strength of our muscles by sitting in a gymnasium and letting another exercise for us.

Nothing else so destroys the power to stand alone as the habit of leaning upon others. If you lean you never will be strong or original. Stand alone or bury your ambition to be somebody in the world.

The man who tries to give his children a start in the world so that they will not have so hard a time as he had is unknowingly bringing disaster upon them. What he calls giving them a start probably will give them a setback in the world. Young people need all the motive power they can get. They are naturally learners, imitators, copiers, and it is easy for them to develop into echoes or imitations. They will not walk alone while you furnish crutches; they will lean upon you just as long as you will let them.

One of the greatest delusions that a human being could ever have is that he is permanently benefited by continued assistance from others.

## The Man Without a Country

By  
Edward Everett Hale

This Story Is Furnished  
This Newspaper Through the  
Publicity Department of the  
Commission of Public Safety.

\*\*\*\*\*  
[No document in actual American history conveys a more powerful lesson of what citizenship in this republic means, none delivers a more searching appeal to loyalty, than this fanciful recital of the Man Without a Country. The unhappy creature whose living death it has graven upon the memory of mankind was but a figure born of a writer's imagination. Yet, the account of his passionate outburst and of his dreadful exaltation stirs the dullest soul, and will awaken emotion in the minds of readers of generations yet unborn. There can be no more arresting lesson for the disloyal or the heedless, no more inspiring appeal to the spirit of true Americanism, than this memorable work of literary art and high-souled patriotism.]  
\*\*\*\*\*

I suppose that very few casual readers of the New York Herald of August 13th observed, in an obscure corner, among the "Deaths," the announcement:

"NOLAN, Died, on board U. S. Corvette Levant, Lat. 2° 11' S., Long. 131° W., on the 11th of May, Philip Nolan."

I happened to observe it, because I was stranded at the old Mission-house in Mackinac, waiting for a Lake Superior steamer which did not choose to come, and I was devouring, to the very stubble, all the current literature I could get hold of, even down to the deaths and marriages in the "Herald." My memory for names and people is good, and the reader will see, as he goes on, that I had reason enough to remember Philip Nolan. There are hundreds of readers who would have paused at that announcement, if the officer of the Levant who reported it had chosen to make it thus: "Died, May 11th, The Man without a Country." For it was as "The Man without a Country" that poor Philip Nolan had generally been known by the officers who had him in charge during some fifty years, as, indeed, by all the men who had sailed under them. I dare say there is many a man who has taken wine with him once a fortnight, in a three years' cruise, who never knew that his name was "Nolan," or whether the poor wretch had any name at all.

There can now be no possible harm in telling this poor creature's story. Reason enough there has been till now, ever since Madison's administration went out in 1817, for very strict secrecy, the secrecy of honor itself, among the gentlemen of the navy who have had Nolan in successive charge. And certainly it speaks well for the esprit de corps of the profession and the personal honor of its members, that to the press this man's story has been wholly unknown, and I think, to the country at large also.

I have reason to think, from some investigations I made in the naval archives when I was attached to the bureau of construction, that every official report relating to him was burned when Ross burned the public buildings at Washington. One of the Tuckers, or possibly one of the Watsons, had Nolan in charge at the end of the war; and when, on returning from his cruise, he reported at Washington to one of the Crownshields—who was in the navy department when he came home—he found that the department ignored the whole business. Whether they really knew nothing about it, or whether it was a non mi ricordo, determined on as a piece of policy, I do not know. But this I do know, that since 1817, and possibly before, no naval officer has mentioned Nolan in his report of a cruise.

As I say, there is no need for secrecy any longer. And now the poor creature is dead, it seems to me worth while to tell a little of his story, by way of showing young Americans of today what it is to be

A MAN WITHOUT A COUNTRY.

Philip Nolan was as fine a young officer as there was in the "Legion of the West," as the western division of our army was then called. When Aaron Burr made his first dashing expedition down to New Orleans in 1805, at Fort Massac, or somewhere above on the river, he met, as the devil would have it, this gay, dashing, bright young fellow, at some dinner party, I think. Burr marked him, talked to him, walked with him, took him a day

or two's voyage in his harbor, and, in short, fascinated him. For the next year barrack life was very tame to poor Nolan. He occasionally availed of the permission the great man had given him to write to him. Long, high-worded, stilted letters the poor boy wrote and re-wrote and copied. But never a line did he have in reply from the gay deceiver. The other boys in the garrison sneered at him, because he sacrificed in this unrequited affection for a politician the time which they devoted to Monongahela, sledge and high-low-Jack, Bourbon, euchre and poker were still unknown. But one day Nolan had his revenge. This time Burr came down the river, not as an attorney seeking a place for his office, but as a disguised conqueror. He had defeated I know not how many district attorneys; he had dined at I know not how many public dinners; he had been heralded in I know not how many Weekly Arguses; and it was rumored that he had an army behind him and an empire before him. It was a great day—his arrival—to poor Nolan. Burr had not been at the fort an hour before he sent for him. That evening he asked Nolan to take him out in his skiff, to show him a cane-brake or a cottonwood tree, as he said, really to seduce him; and by the time the sail was over, Nolan was enlisted body and soul. From that time, though he did not yet know it, he lived as "A Man without a Country."

What Burr meant to do I know no more than you, dear reader. It is none of our business just now. Only, when the grand catastrophe came, and Jefferson and the House of Virginia of that day undertook to break on the wheel all the possible Clarendons of the then House of York, by the great treason trial at Richmond, some of the lesser fry in that distant Mississippi valley, who was farther from us than Puget Sound is today, introduced the like novelty on their provincial stage, and, to while away the monotony of the summer at Fort Adams, got up, for spectacles, a string of court-martials on the officers there. One and another of the colonels and majors were tried, and, to fill out the list, little Nolan, against whom, heaven knows, there was evidence enough, that he was sick of the service, had been willing to be false to it, and would have obeyed any order to march anywhere with anyone who would follow him, had the order only been signed, "By command of His Exc. A. Burr." The courts dragged on. The big flies escaped, rightly for all I know. Nolan was proved guilty enough, as I say; yet you and I would never have heard of him, reader, but that, when the president of the court asked him at the close, whether he wished to say anything to show that he had always been faithful to the United States, he cried out, in a fit of frenzy:

"D—n the United States! I wish I may never hear of the United States again!"

I suppose he did not know how the words shocked old Colonel Morgan, who was holding the court. Half the officers who sat in it had served through the Revolution, and their lives, not to say their necks, had been risked for the very idea which he so cavalierly cursed in his madness. He, on his part, had grown up in the West of those days, in the midst of "Spanish plot," "Orleans plot," and all the rest. His education, such as it was, had been perfected in commercial expeditions to Vera Cruz, and I think he told me his father once hired an Englishman to be a private tutor for a winter on the plantation. He had spent half his youth with an older brother, hunting horses in Texas; and, in a word, to

"The gentlemen on board will make any arrangements agreeable to themselves regarding his society. He is to be exposed to no indignity of any kind nor is he ever unnecessarily to be reminded that he is a prisoner."

"But under no circumstances is he ever to hear of his country or to see any information regarding it; and you will especially caution all the officers under your command to take care that, in the various indulgences which may be granted, this rule, in which his punishment is involved, shall not be broken."

"It is the intention of the government that he shall never again see the country which he has disowned. Before the end of your cruise you will receive orders which will give effect to this intention."

"Respectfully yours,  
"W. SOUTHWARD,  
"for the Secretary of the Navy."

If I had only preserved the whole of this paper, there would be no break in the beginning of my sketch of this story. For Captain Shaw, if it was he, handed it to his successor in the charge, and he to his.

(To be Continued)

## First Newspaper Woman.

It is said that the first newspaper woman was an American, Mrs. Anne Royall, who was not only the first woman journalist, but the first woman to own and edit a newspaper. It is also curious that she is said to have originated the idea of "interviews." She was born in Maryland in 1780, put her first printing press on Capitol Hill in Washington, D. C., and published a small weekly, first called the Washington Paul Fry and later the Huntress.

He never did hear her name but once again. From that moment, September 23, 1807, till the day he died, May 11, 1863, he never heard her name again. For that half century and

Be Reasonable.  
It's all right to be optimistic, but man should not whistle while lighting his last match.—Toledo Blade.

more he was a man without a country.

Old Morgan, as I said, was terribly shocked. If Nolan had compared George Washington to Benedict Arnold, or had cried, "God save King George," Morgan would not have felt worse. He called the court into his private room, and returned in fifteen minutes, with a face like a sheet, to say:

"Prisoner, hear the sentence of the court. The court decides, subject to the approval of the president, that you never hear the name of the United States again."

Nolan laughed. But nobody else laughed. Old Morgan was too solemn, and the whole room was hushed dead as night for a minute. Even Nolan lost his swagger in a moment. Then Morgan added: "Mr. Marshal, take the prisoner to Orleans in an armed boat, and deliver him to the naval commander there."

The marshal gave his orders, and the prisoner was taken out of court.

"Mr. Marshal," continued old Morgan, "see that no one mentions the United States to the prisoner. Mr. Marshal, make my respects to Lieutenant Mitchell at Orleans, and request him to order that no one shall mention the United States to the prisoner while he is on board ship. You will receive your written orders from the officer on duty here this evening. The court is adjourned without day."

I have always supposed that Colonel Morgan himself took the proceedings of the court to Washington City, and explained them to Mr. Jefferson. Certain it is that the president approved them, certain, that is, if I may believe the men who say they have seen his signature.

The plan then adopted was substantially the same which was necessarily followed ever after. Perhaps it was suggested by the necessity of sending him by water from Fort Adams and Orleans. The secretary of the navy was requested to put Nolan on board a government vessel bound on a long cruise, and to direct that he should be only so far confined there as to make it certain that he never saw or heard of the country. We had few long cruises then, and the navy was very much out of favor; and as almost all of this story is traditional, as I have explained, I do not know certainly what his first cruise was. But the commander to whom he was intrusted—perhaps it was Tingey or Shaw, though I think it was one of the younger men—we are all old enough now—regulated the etiquette and the precautions of the affair, and according to I suppose, till Nolan died.

When I was second officer of the Intrepid some thirty years after, I saw the original paper of instructions. I have been sorry ever since that I did not copy the whole of it. It ran, however, much in this way:

"Washington, (with the date, which must have been late in 1807).  
"Sir—You will receive from Lieutenant Neale the person of Philip Nolan, late a Lieutenant in the United States army.  
"This person on his trial by court-martial expressed with an oath the wish that he might never hear of the United States again.  
"The court sentenced him to have his wish fulfilled.  
"For the present, the execution of the order is intrusted by the president of this department.  
"You will take the prisoner on board your ship, and keep him there with such precautions as shall prevent his escape.  
"You will provide him with such quarters, rations, and clothing as would be proper for an officer of his late rank, if he were a passenger on your vessel on the business of his government.  
"The gentlemen on board will make any arrangements agreeable to themselves regarding his society. He is to be exposed to no indignity of any kind nor is he ever unnecessarily to be reminded that he is a prisoner.  
"But under no circumstances is he ever to hear of his country or to see any information regarding it; and you will especially caution all the officers under your command to take care that, in the various indulgences which may be granted, this rule, in which his punishment is involved, shall not be broken.  
"It is the intention of the government that he shall never again see the country which he has disowned. Before the end of your cruise you will receive orders which will give effect to this intention.  
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If I had only preserved the whole of this paper, there would be no break in the beginning of my sketch of this story. For Captain Shaw, if it was he, handed it to his successor in the charge, and he to his.

(To be Continued)

## 345 MEN STILL NOT RECORDED

List of Survivors of Tuscania Disaster Reaches 1832 Names.

## DEATH LIST HELD AT 113

Number Unaccounted For Expected To Be Materially Reduced as Checking of Comparative Rolls Proceeds.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The list of 1832 names of American soldiers rescued from the torpedoed liner Tuscania, so far reported to the war department, leave 345 of the soldiers unaccounted for.

Official reports had reached the department to change the estimate that all except 113 of the men were saved, but the names have been coming in very slowly over the cables and there is no assurance as to when the list will be complete.

The committee on public information has made no effort to compile a list of the missing, merely issuing lists of survivors. In order to compile a list of missing and unreported it was necessary to search for each name in both lists, a laborious process, in dealing with more than 2,000 names.

Thirty-seven names of the list of survivors given out by the public information committee do not appear on the War department roster of those on board.

It is assumed that some soldiers possibly were sent aboard the steamer at the last moment, without having their names reported for the passenger list recorded on this side, and also that some members of the ship's crew may have been erroneously reported among the military survivors.

Baker Issues Statement.  
Secretary of War Baker has issued a statement that the loss stood on latest reports at approximately 113 men.

Still without official details of the attack, the Secretary paid high tribute to the coolness and discipline of the troops. He expressed keen appreciation of the work of rescue done by the British navy. His statement reads:

"The fine discipline of the men and the efficient handling of a difficult situation by those in command contributed to accounting for those relatively slight casualties.

"At the same time we must express our profound appreciation for splendid work of the British navy in rescuing our forces.

"Notwithstanding the fact that hostile submarines were lurking in the vicinity, the British destroyers rendered every assistance and remained on the scene, succoring our men until all survivors were brought safely ashore.

Irish Do All They Can.

"At the small ports of Ireland and Scotland where our troops landed they met with a most warm-hearted reception on the part of the people who did all in their power to administer every comfort and care."

The failure of the British representatives to get a complete story of the attack is fully explained, in the belief of officials, in their main anxiety to complete the list of dead and missing and saved. A complete detailed report from General George T. Bartlett, military attaché of the American embassy in London, is expected as soon as the immediate task of caring for the survivors has been finished.

## PEACE ULTIMATUM IS SENT

Roumanians Are Given Four Days To Reply.

London, Feb. 11.—Field Marshal von Mackensen sent an ultimatum to Roumania February 6 demanding that peace negotiations be begun within four days. The Roumanian cabinet thereupon resigned.

This news, first received from German newspapers at Basel, Switzerland, has been confirmed in Russian quarters here. It is said the ultimatum has expired, but what answer Roumania gave is not known.

Other information obtained here is that Polish forces which recently revolted from the Russian army under the leadership of General Dvobor Mousnitsky have captured Smolensk from the Bolsheviks. The word comes from Vienna via Copenhagen.

Slackers Kill Three Officers.  
Safford, Ariz., Feb. 11.—Sheriff R. F. McBride, Deputies M. B. Kempton and Kane Wootan were killed by John and Tom Powers, alleged slackers, in the Galure mountains. Poses from Thatcher, Safford and Globe left last night to hunt the Powers and an outlaw named Tom Lisson.

## Carried Out Letter.

An Atlantic Port, Feb. 11.—Rient Soberling, second steward on the Dutch liner Nieuw Amsterdam, has been held in \$25,000 bail on a charge that he attempted to smuggle mail into the United States. One letter which Soberling admitted he tried to hide in the smoking room of the ship was presented in evidence. It was made up of a series of disconnected sentences and showed that a number of persons had participated in its preparation. Federal agents declared it was a code letter.

## A Service For Women:

FOR the woman inexperienced in investments Trust Company Service is not merely desirable, it is a vital necessity.

The average woman cannot trust to her own judgment in making investments. She realizes her incompetence and so oftentimes worries herself or annoys her friends with all sorts of matters, ranging in importance from the investment of funds to the mere detail of bookkeeping.

This Company will assume entire care of the estates of women, make investments and reinvestments, collect income and principal, pay taxes, keep accounts and make all necessary Government reports. It is equipped, through organization and experience, to handle these matters at little expense.

If you seek relief from property cares, write our Trust Officer—no obligation.

WELLS-DICKEY TRUST CO.  
57th ST AND 2nd AVE. SOUTH.  
MINNEAPOLIS

## Do Something Better Than the Other Fellow--- and ADVERTISE

Advertising cannot accomplish the impossible any more than barren ground can yield rich crop.

But how advertising does make things hum when the product and proposition are right, the men and methods above board, when there's an honest purpose and earnest effort from bundle boy to general manager to serve efficiency, to deal honestly, to sell good goods, to price fairly.

Oil up the machinery of your business, imbue your organization with the spirit of true service, make your business worthy of the good will, the confidence, the patronage of the people.

In this fertile field then sow the seed of advertising and it will bring forth abundant crops in increased business and augmented prestige.

Your store news in the Dispatch will be read in practically every home in Brainerd and vicinity every evening.

## How to Tell Age of Eggs.

There is a simple method of ascertaining the age of eggs, based upon the fact that the airy space at the broad end of the egg increases with its age. Now, when the egg is placed in a tumbler of water in which any amount of common salt is dissolved, it will, with increasing age, tend ever more to assume a position with its longitudinal axis in a perpendicular direction. A fresh laid egg will lie horizontally on the bottom of the vessel. An egg from three to four days old will rise with its broad end, so that its longitudinal axis forms with its horizontal axis an angle of 20 degrees. At the age of eight days the angle increases to 45 degrees, at the age of two weeks to 60 degrees, and at the age of three weeks to about 75 degrees. When the egg is more than a month old it will float perpendicularly on its small end.

## Blame For Coal Shortage Placed.

New York, Feb. 11.—Greater consumption of bituminous coal by railroads and factories is assigned by the Federal fuel administration at Washington as the reason for the existing fuel scarcity. Government estimates of the production of bituminous coal in 1917 were 544,000,000 net tons, an increase of 41,000,000 over the previous year. In statements received here the National Fuel administration declared that exportation of bituminous coal was not an important factor in the fuel shortage.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

## NOTHING ELSE LIKE IT IN BRAINERD

There has never been anything in Brainerd with the INSTANT action of simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-ika. ONE SPOONFUL flushes the ENTIRE bowel tract so completely it relieves ANY CASE of sour stomach, gas or constipation and prevents appendicitis. THE INSTANT, pleasant action of Adler-ika surprises both doctors and patients. Johnson's Pharmacy.—Adv.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. One Hundred dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.—Adv.

Free From Any Such Taint.  
Parson—"This eccentricity you speak of in your daughter, isn't it after all, a matter of heredity?" Girl's Mother—"No, sir. I'd have you know that there was never any heredity in our family."—Boston Transcript.